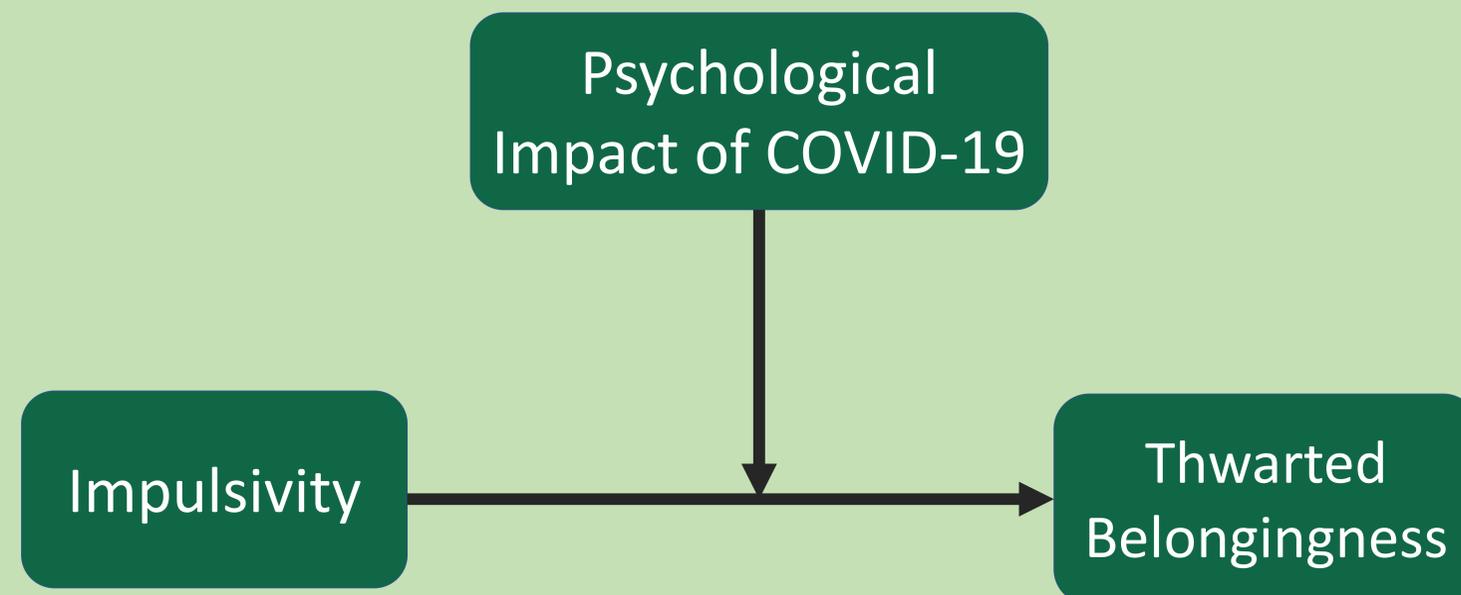


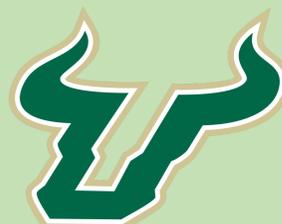
Background

- **Thwarted belongingness** is the unmet need to belong due to lack of socialization and connection
- **Impulsivity** trait is multifactorial construct that consists of acting with no forethought and involves “sensation seeking”. It has 4 facets: lack of perseverance, lack of premeditation, sensation seeking & negative urgency
- **Impulsivity** has been related to *loneliness and social rejection*, constructs fundamental to **thwarted belongingness**
- **High impulsive traits** may lead to feelings of social disconnection, loneliness and **ultimately thwarted belongingness**
- During the **COVID-19 pandemic highly impulsive individuals** have more problematic behaviors that lead to social rejection and loneliness and thus **thwarted belongingness**

Do individuals high on impulsivity report lower sense of belongingness due to the psychological impact of COVID-19?



Antonieta Alvarez, Allie Schuck, M.A., Marc Karver, Ph.D.



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Hypotheses:

1. Impulsivity will significantly predict thwarted belongingness
2. Impulsivity will significantly predict thwarted belongingness and this relationship will be moderated by the psychological impact of COVID-19

Methods



Proposed Analysis

A **regression analysis** will be conducted with **impulsivity** as the *predictor* variable and **thwarted belongingness** as the *outcome*

A **moderation** model 1 will be conducted for **psychological impact of COVID-19 moderating** the relationship between **impulsivity** and **thwarted belongingness**

All analyses will be completed using SPSS 26